STOCHASTIC MODELLING (30 hours)

1. Model structure and the principles of actuarial modelling

- models: how and why to use them
- benefits and limitation of modelling
- deterministic and stochastic models

2. Stochastic processes: definition and classification

- general definition of stochastic process
- classification of stochastic processes depending on time parameter and state space
- classification of stochastic processes depending on interdependence: stationarity, Markov property, martingales
- examples of stochastic processes: white noise, general random walk, moving averages, Poisson process, compound Poisson process, Brownian motion
- martingales and stopping times

3. Markov chains

- definition and basic properties of Markov chains
- time homogeneous Markov chains and transition matrix
- the Chapman-Kolmogorov equations
- examples: no claims discount systems
- stationary and limiting distribution of Markov chain
- application to no claims discount systems

4. Markov jump procesess

- definition and basic properties of Markov jump processes
- the Kolmogorov equations
- Poisson proces
- structure of Markov jump processes: time homogeneous and inhomogeneous case
- applications in insurance: sickness and death with and without time dependence, accident proneness
- numerical methods

5. Time series analysis

- properties of univariate time series
- stationary random sequences
- filtering of time series
- backward shift operator and finite difference operator
- basic linear models of time series: AR, MA, ARMA and ARIMA models
- the frequency domain analysis of time series
- multivariate autoregressive models
- integrated and cointegrated time series
- the Box-Jenkins approach to identification, estimation and diagnosis of time series
- special non-stationary and non-linear time series models
- applications of linear time series models
- 6. Brownian motion and diffusions

- introduction to Brownian motion
- Brownian motion and random walks
- application in insurance: ruin probability
- diffusions
- stochastic calculus: Ito's integral and stochastic differential equations
- Levy processes
- 7. Introduction to Monte Carlo simulation of stochastic processes
 - generating pseudo-random numbers by computers, multiplicative algorithm
 - simulation of random variables: inverse transform method, acceptance rejection method, Box-Müller algorithm, polar algorithm
 - simulation of a sequence of correlated normal random variables
 - comparison of pseudo-random and random numbers

8. Process of actuarial modelling

- model proposal
- model valuation
- definining scenario
- sensitivity testing
- model limitations
- communication of the results

Literature:

- 1. T.Rolski, H.Schmidli, V.Schmidt, J.Teugels (1998) *Stochastic Processes for Insurance and Finance*, Wiley
- 2. S.I.Resnick (1992), Adventures in Stochastic Processes. Birkhäuser, Basel
- 3. G.R.Grimmett, D.R.Strizaker (1992), *Probability and Random Processes*. Clarendon Press, Oxford
- 4. P.J.Brockwell, R.A.Davis (1987), *Time Series: Theory and Methods*. Springer, New York
- 5. G.E.P.Box, G.M.Jenkins (1976), *Time Series Analysis: Forecasting and Control*. Holden Day, San Francisco
- 6. D.Lamberton, B.Lapeyre (1996), *Introduction to Stochastic Calculus Applied to Finance*. Chapmann&Hall
- 7. Faculty & Institute of Actuaries, Core Reading Subject 103